

Knowledge Organiser: Year 5 Properties of Materials















1. Explore properties of materials



2. Explore thermal conductors and thermal insulators



3. Explore hardness of materials



4. Discover materials that are soluble in water



5. Investigate the solubility of materials



6. Explore how mixtures can be separated by filtering, sieving, evaporating or magnets

Properties of Materials

conducts energy	
insulates energy	
transparent	
waterproof	
durable (strong)	(
magnetic	C

Everyday Materials

Metal saucepans conduct heat to warm food.



Wooden spoons and plastic handles insulate heat so hands do not get burned.

Soluble Materials

Some solids dissolve in water (SOLUBLE).

coffee sugar





Some solids do not dissolve in water (INSOLUBLE).

pepper

sand







Separating Materials

Sieving



Filtering



Magnetism



Magnetic metals:

- iron
- nickel
- steel



Knowledge Organiser: Year 5 Properties of Materials Before & After Test



















Label the 2 materials used to make this wire.



Explain why the properties of these materials make it a good choice for its purpose.

Nahim wants to carry out a fair test to see which solids dissolve in water.

Name 2 variables he must keep the same to make it a fair test.

What is the variable that he must change?

	Sort these materials in the following table:								
ý	coffee	sugar	salt	pe	epper	sand	jelly	wax	
	Soluble				Insoluble				

Draw lines to match the mixtures to the best method of separation.

Mixture

sand and water

gravel and water

iron filings and sand

flour and water

Process of separation

magnet

sieving

picking out by hand

filtering



Unit Rocket Words: Year 5 – properties of materials











	R	0	C	k	e	t۱	V	0	r	d	S	
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	conductive	a material that allows heat and/or electricity to pass through it						
	magnetic	material that is attracted to a magnet						
	thermal	using or producing heat						
	conduction	heat moving from one object to another through contact						
	hardness	resistance to scratching and pressure						
	force	when an object is acted upon by a pull or push motion in a specific direction						
	dissolve	to mix with a liquid and become part of the liquid						
	solute	a substance that can be dissolved in liquid						
	solvent	a substance that can dissolve in a solute, water is a solvent						
	substance	any material, such as sugar						
	filtering	the separation of a mixture using a tool with small holes to separate particles						
Q	evaporation	the process where a liquid changes into a gas						